Lumbar Spine Assessment & Management: A practical approach



Prevalence:

- 85% of population on earth will have at least 1 episode of Severe LBP in their life
- 25% of all workcover claims
- In people over 65 with chronic pain, 70% nominated LBP as cause of their pain
- Costs the healthcare system \$20 Billion annually

Normal anatomy and movement

- 5 vertebrates
- Larger Vertebral bodies
- Disc anatomy
- Intervertebral foramina at level of intervertebral foramina (!...nerve root compression more likely)

Movement:

- → Flexion/Extension: present in most segments
- → Rotation: present in all segments
- → Lateral flexion: relatively small at each segment in Lx spine
- → L1 and L5 meets relatively stiffer/stable segments

Bigger picture: Mobility at the expense of Stability



Common dysfunctions/conditions:

- Disc injuries (grades...!)
- Nerve root impingement
- Facet stiffness
- Scoliosis
- Listhesis/Stenosis
- Serious pathology (cauda equina, tumour, MS, Ankylosing Spondylitis, etc)

Common related conditions:

- SIJD
- Pelvic instability
- Tight Hamstrings/injuries
- Hip flexor tightness/injuries

Management principles of Active or passive mobilisation

- → Patient Education is the key to acute management and long term recovery
- → Ceph to caudal
- → Decompression to compression (usually extension > rotation > flexion)
- → Superficial to deeper
- → Commence with Extension (self, pt o/p, PT o/p, PT mobi or manipulation)
- → **Progress if Rotation** (self, pt o/p, PT o/p, PT mobi or manipulation)
- → Flexion and Lateral flexion usually added after the acute stage (preferably 'self techniques'..!)

Precautions: osteoporosis, serious pathology (cauda equina, tumour, AS..etc!)

Passive mobilisation techniques:

- ★ PA/unilateral PA (Prone, Standing, Sitting)
- ★ Rotational/flexion (Supine-GATE)
- ★ Rotational/PA (Mobilisation/Manip)

Active Mobilisation through exercises:

Consider: Decompressions or Stretching or Strengthening or Segmental Control or Stability

\succ	McKenzie series (1, 2, 3, 4)	https://youtu.be/Ly5WISUIC6w
≻	Lumbar rotation	https://youtu.be/ptWGK0vyVzg
≻	Hip knee flexion	https://youtu.be/0Sone1MQwWI
≻	Pelvic rocking	https://youtu.be/2raigtSXheE
≻	Bridging	https://youtu.be/eu5sxBywiMo
≻	Cat-camel	https://youtu.be/tWiphtxTIRY
≻	ES stretch	https://youtu.be/h7H5_VcNasA
≻	Standing Extension stretch series	https://youtu.be/_G8sd6uLuoU
≻	Plank	https://youtu.be/hOQv1bVtgcU
≻	Downward dog	https://youtu.be/U42SxwWuZHE
≻	Triangle pose	https://youtu.be/41_n0ofdSKw

Consideration for strengthening for Long term results..!

- Stretching/decompressing >>> Strengthening (Demo..!)
- Incorporate nearby segments
- Full body movement
- Functional movement/exercises

Thank You...any Questions...?

- Lumbar Spine. Park A: The Mckenzie Institute: Centre for Postgraduate Study in Mechanical Dlagnosis and Therapy (2020)
- Polestar Pilates 2014, Polestar Pilates: Professional Education, Comprehensive Levels 1-3, Comprehensive Levels 4-6, Teaching to heal through movement.
- Low Back Pain Prevalence and Related Workplace Psychosocial Risk Factors: A Study Using Data From the 2010 National Health Interview Survey
- https://www.therapia.com.au/conditions-we-treat/lower-back-pain/